

Supporting Information for

Flexible spin orientation optimized lower-density zero thermal expansion in the Sc-based kagome magnets

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Supporting figures and discussions

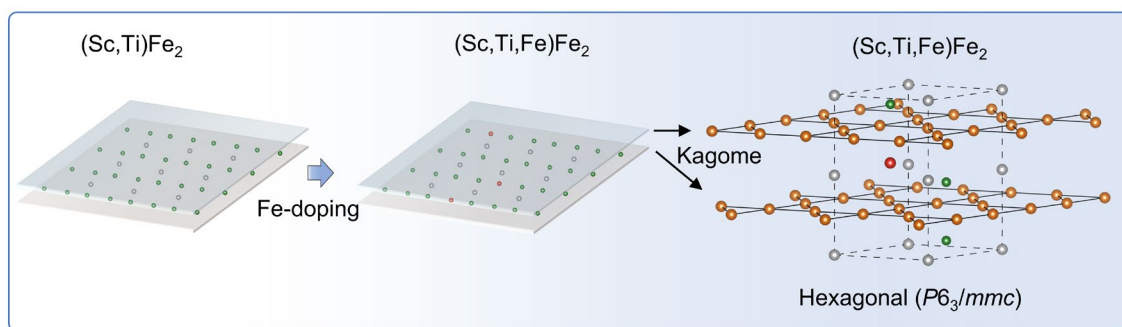


Figure S1. The schematic of the hexagonal structure of Fe doping in $(\text{Sc,Ti})\text{Fe}_2$.

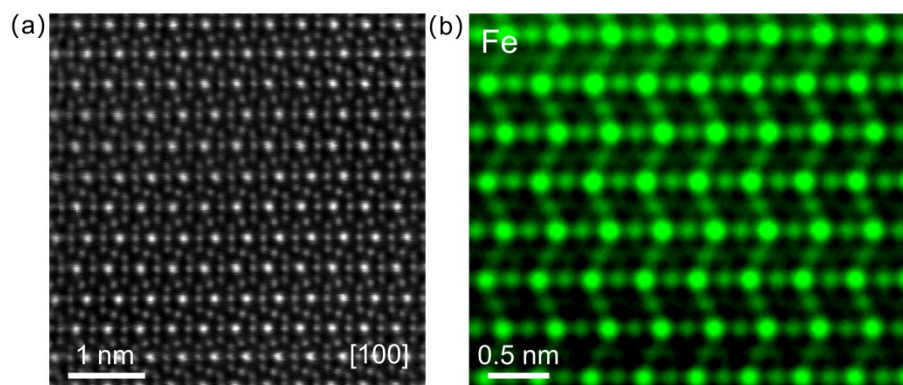


Figure S2. (a) HAADF-STEM image along the [100] zone axis of $y = 0.4$; (b) Atomically resolved energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDXS) mappings Fe elements.

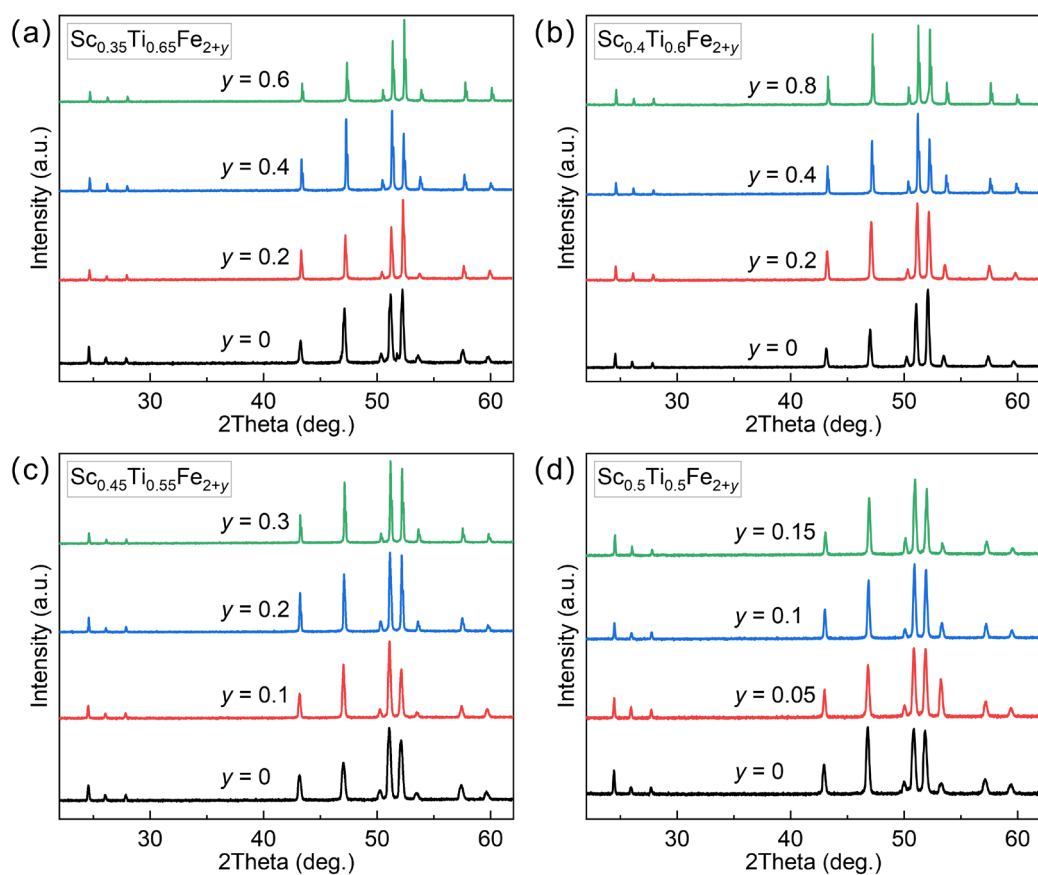


Figure S3. XRD patterns of (a) $\text{Sc}_{0.35}\text{Ti}_{0.65}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$, (b) $\text{Sc}_{0.4}\text{Ti}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$, (c) $\text{Sc}_{0.45}\text{Ti}_{0.55}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$ and (d) $\text{Sc}_{0.5}\text{Ti}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$, annealed at 1473 K under Co $K\alpha$ radiation.

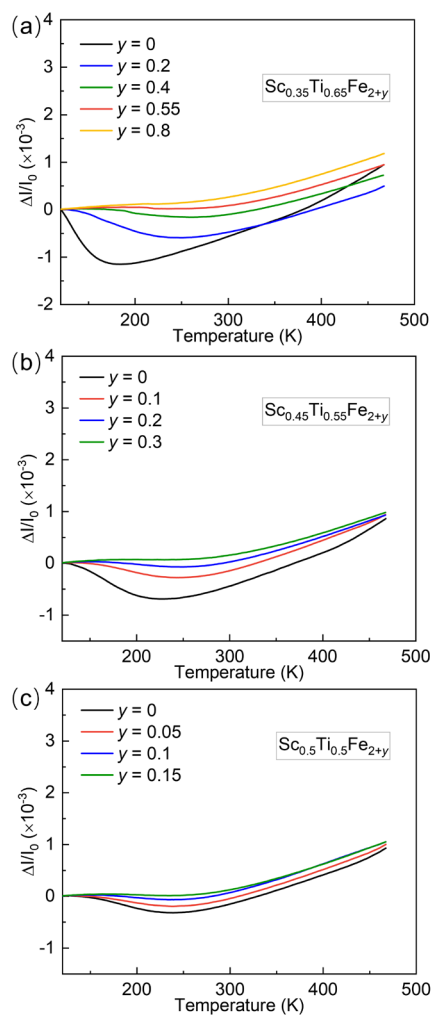


Figure S4. Linear thermal expansion ($\Delta l/l_0$) for (a) $\text{Sc}_{0.35}\text{Ti}_{0.65}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$ and (b) $\text{Sc}_{0.45}\text{Ti}_{0.55}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$ and (c) $\text{Sc}_{0.5}\text{Ti}_{0.5}\text{Fe}_{2+y}$.

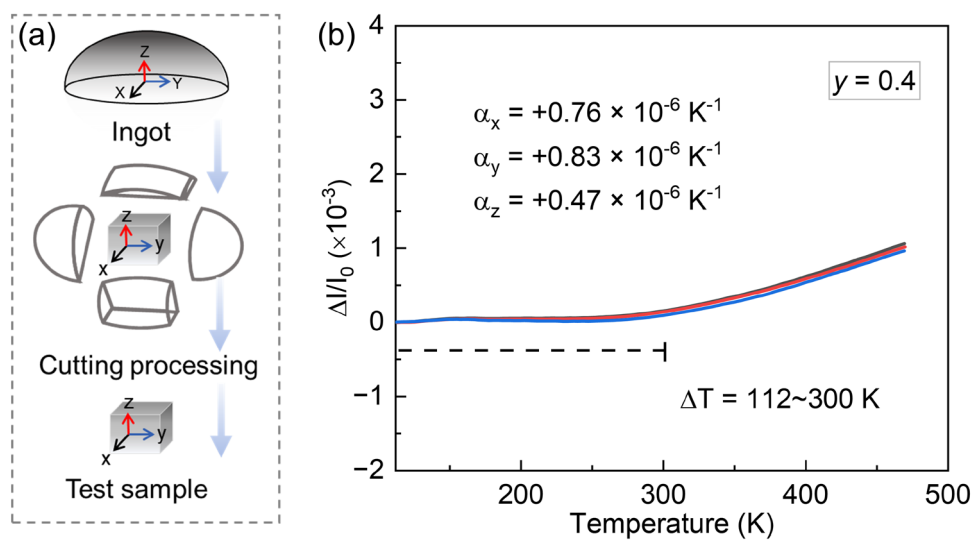


Figure S5. (a) Schematic diagram of test sample processing. (b) Linear thermal expansions of $y = 0.4$ along three apparent orientations of the anorthor ingot.

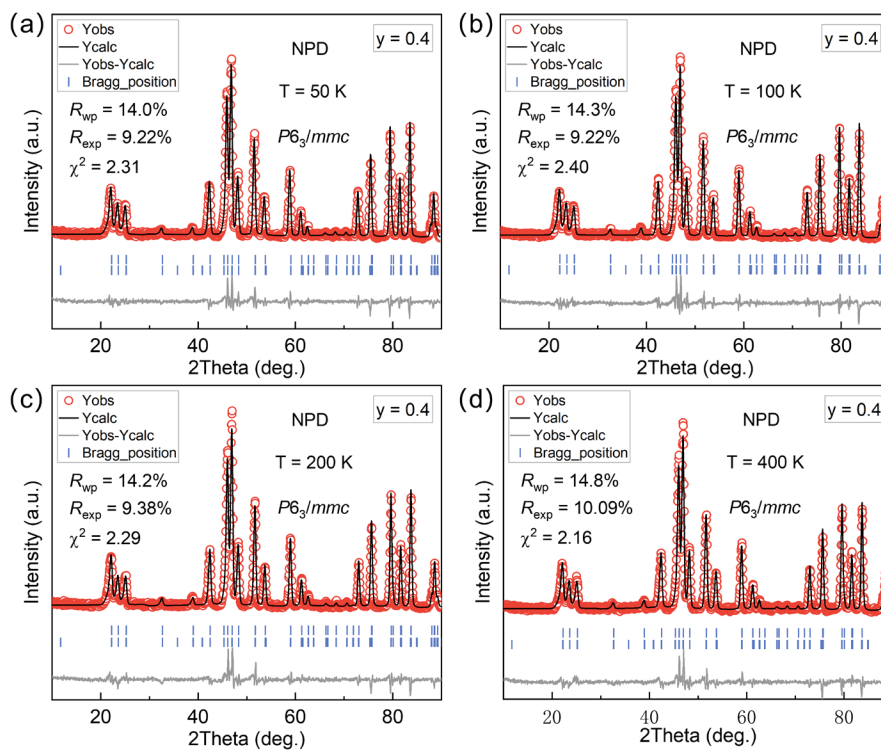


Figure S6. Neutron powder diffraction refinement of the hexagonal $y = 0.4$ at 50 K, 100 K, 200 K and 400 K.

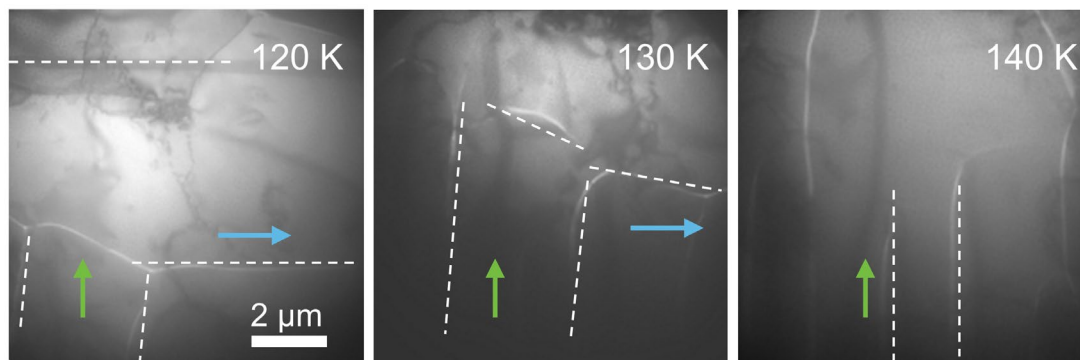


Figure S7. L-TEM images of the evolution of the magnetic domains of $y = 0$ as a function of temperature at zero magnetic fields.

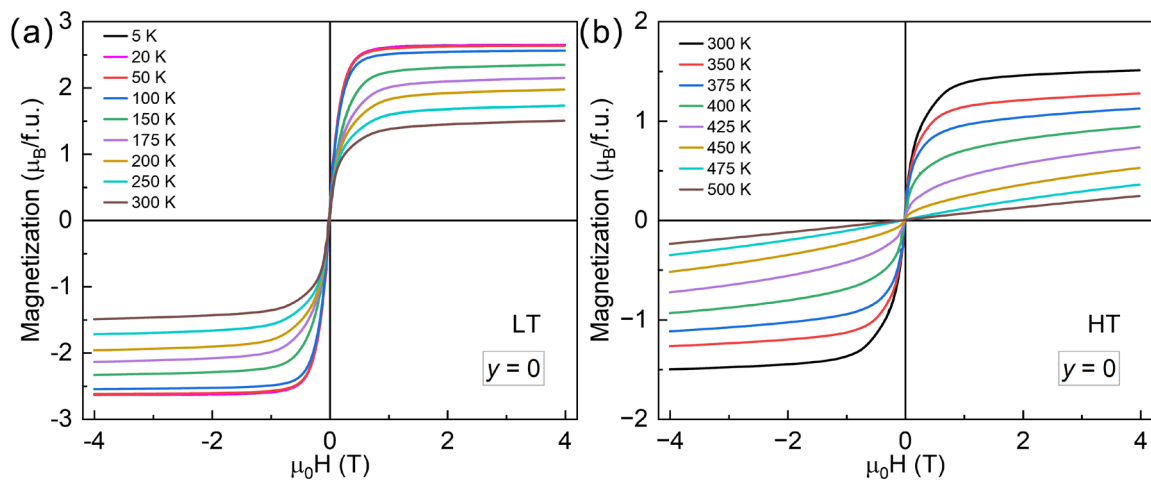


Figure S8. Isothermal M - H curves (-4–4 T) at (a) 5–300 K and (b) 300–500 K for $\text{Sc}_{0.4}\text{Ti}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_2$ (denoted as $y = 0$).

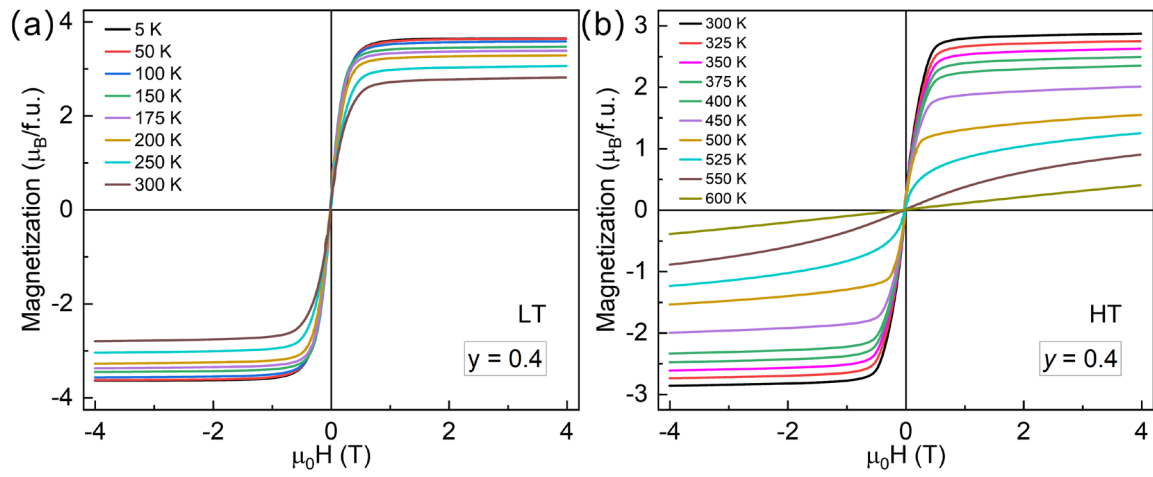


Figure S9. Isothermal M - H curves (-4 – 4 T) at (a) 5–300 K and (b) 300–600 K for $\text{Sc}_{0.4}\text{Ti}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_{2.4}$ (denoted as $y = 0.4$).

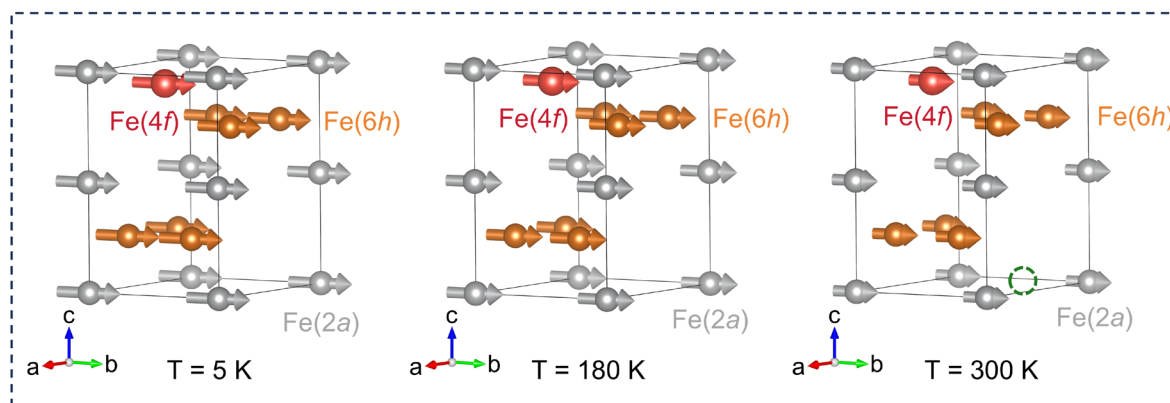


Figure S10. The average magnetic structure of $y = 0.4$ at 5 K, 180 K and 300 K, respectively, the magnetic moments of Fe(2a) and Fe(6h) were obtained from NPD refinements, while the occupancy of Fe(4f) was confirmed jointly by STEM-EDX and Mössbauer spectroscopy. By integrating all experimental results, the magnetic structure shown in the figure was constructed.

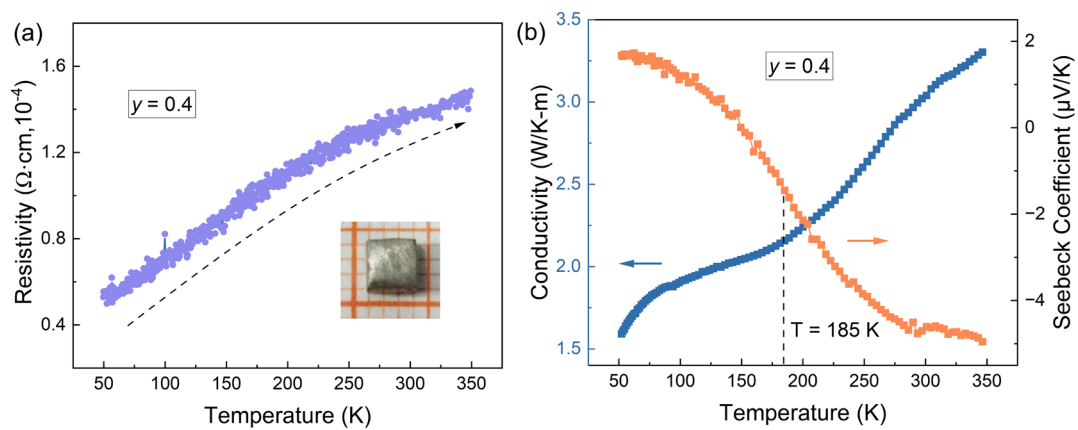


Figure S11. (a) Temperature dependence of resistivity for $y = 0.4$ with the insets of test sample; (b) Temperature dependence of conductivity and seebeck coefficient for $y = 0.4$

Table S1. Summary of density, operating temperature window, coefficient of thermal expansion (α_l/α_V), magnetization, and compositional cost of the ZTE metals.

ZTE alloy	Density (g/cm ³)	Operating Temperature (K)	CTE ($\times 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$)	Ms (emu/g)	Cost ^(a) (CNY/kg)	Refer.
Hf _{0.8} Nb _{0.2} Fe _{2.5}	10.1	5-460	$\alpha_l = 1.07$	73.7 (T = 5 K)	9606	1
TbCo _{1.9} Fe _{0.1}	9.76	123-307	$\alpha_l = 0.48$	-	10961	2
Hf _{0.6} Ti _{0.4} Fe _{2.5}	9.12	10-480	$\alpha_V = 1.7$	91.6 (T = 25 K)	8270	3
Zr _{0.7} Ta _{0.3} Fe ₂	8.91	10-430	$\alpha_l = 0.9$	75.2 (T = 5 K)	2226	4
Zr _{0.8} Ta _{0.2} Fe _{1.7} Co _{0.3}	8.54	5-360	$\alpha_l = 0.21$	72.3 (T = 5 K)	2005	5
Fe ₆₅ Ni ₃₅	8.12	193-373	1.5	-	455	6
Fe ₆₃ Ni ₃₂ Co ₅	8.07	218-368	$\alpha_l = 0.63$	-	508	7
Er ₂ Fe ₁₉ B _{1.35}	7.91	100-550	$\alpha_l = 0.28$	99.6 (T = 10 K)	1517	8
(Zr _{0.65} Nb _{0.35}) _{0.95} Fe _{0.05} Fe ₂	7.85	4-425	$\alpha_l = 0.47$	103 (T = 5 K)	991	9
Zr _{0.8} Nb _{0.2} Fe ₂	7.83	3-470	$\alpha_l = 1.4$	-	1108	10
Zr _{0.75} Nb _{0.25} Fe ₂ Co _{0.1}	7.81	3-440	$\alpha_l = 1.07$	85.4 (T = 5 K)	1090	11
Sc _{0.4} Ti _{0.6} Fe _{2.4}	6.56	5-300	$\alpha_V = 1.93$	112.8 (T = 5 K)	4172	This work

^(a) The unit price of raw materials is based on the 2025 price data provided by Zhongnuo New Materials (Beijing) Technology Company, Limited. The calculation procedure is as follows: first, the atomic weights, metal prices, and chemical formula are prepared; then, the molar fraction of each element is calculated and converted into the mass fraction; finally, the mass fraction is multiplied by the corresponding metal unit price to estimate the sample cost.

Table S2. Final refined structural parameters for hexagonal $\text{Sc}_{0.4}\text{Ti}_{0.6}\text{Fe}_{2.4}$ (denoted as $y = 0.4$) by neutron powder diffraction at 5 K.

Atom	Site	x, y, z	Occupancy
Sc	$4f$	0.33333, 0.66667, 0.06335	0.53
Ti	$4f$	0.33333, 0.66667, 0.06335	0.35
Fe	$4f$	0.33333, 0.66667, 0.06335	0.12
Fe	$2a$	0,0,0	1
Fe	$6h$	0.83036, 0.66062, 0.25000	1

* $a = b = 4.85822(2)$ Å, $c = 7.92112(3)$ Å and $V = 161.909(1)$ Å³, space group: $P6_3/mmc$, R_{wp}

$\sim 14.2\%$; $\chi^2 \sim 2.4$.

Table S3. Temperature dependence of lattice parameters by NPD patterns for $y = 0.4$.

Temperature (K)	a (Å)	c (Å)	unit cell volume (Å ³)
5	4.85822(2)	7.92112(3)	161.909(1)
10	4.85828(2)	7.92118(3)	161.915(1)
20	4.85822(2)	7.92099(3)	161.907(1)
30	4.85817(2)	7.92104(3)	161.904(1)
40	4.85821(2)	7.92118(3)	161.910(1)
50	4.85819(2)	7.92109(3)	161.907(1)
60	4.85816(2)	7.92112(3)	161.905(1)
70	4.85818(2)	7.92125(3)	161.909(1)
80	4.85818(2)	7.92138(3)	161.912(1)
90	4.85822(2)	7.92171(3)	161.921(1)
100	4.85835(2)	7.92187(3)	161.933(1)
110	4.85833(2)	7.92203(3)	161.935(1)
120	4.85834(2)	7.92223(3)	161.940(1)
130	4.85839(2)	7.92239(3)	161.947(1)
140	4.85842(2)	7.92284(3)	161.958(1)
150	4.85834(2)	7.92270(3)	161.949(1)
160	4.85839(2)	7.92323(3)	161.964(1)
170	4.85836(2)	7.92336(3)	161.964(1)
180	4.85818(2)	7.92361(4)	161.958(1)
190	4.85818(2)	7.92366(3)	161.958(1)
200	4.85818(2)	7.92400(3)	161.965(1)
210	4.85811(2)	7.92408(4)	161.962(1)
220	4.85808(2)	7.92411(3)	161.961(1)
230	4.85804(2)	7.92433(4)	161.963(1)
240	4.85799(2)	7.92432(4)	161.959(1)
250	4.85798(2)	7.92449(4)	161.962(1)
260	4.85802(2)	7.92493(4)	161.974(1)
270	4.85805(2)	7.92484(4)	161.974(1)
280	4.85805(2)	7.92517(4)	161.981(1)
290	4.85815(2)	7.92539(4)	161.992(1)
300	4.85823(2)	7.92581(4)	162.006(1)
310	4.85833(2)	7.92598(4)	162.016(1)
320	4.85847(2)	7.92629(4)	162.031(1)
330	4.85858(2)	7.92679(4)	162.049(1)
340	4.85883(2)	7.92702(4)	162.070(1)
350	4.85899(2)	7.92764(4)	162.094(1)
375	4.85941(2)	7.92871(4)	162.143(1)
400	4.85999(2)	7.92964(4)	162.202(1)
450	4.86093(2)	7.93171(4)	162.307(1)
500	4.86231(2)	7.93467(5)	162.460(1)
525	4.86299(2)	7.93578(5)	162.528(1)
550	4.86371(2)	7.93726(5)	162.606(1)

Table S4. Temperature dependence of moments by NPD patterns for hexagonal $y = 0.4$.

Temperature (K)	2a (μB)	6h (μB)
5	2.81(9)	2.70(5)
10	2.77(9)	2.66
20	2.76(9)	2.66(5)
30	2.69(9)	2.58(5)
40	2.88(9)	2.72(5)
50	2.88(9)	2.62(5)
60	2.85(9)	2.69(5)
70	2.90(10)	2.61(5)
80	2.85(9)	2.81(5)
90	2.80(9)	2.58(5)
100	2.73(9)	2.61(5)
110	2.84(9)	2.78(5)
120	2.85(9)	2.69(5)
130	2.98(9)	2.83(5)
140	2.99(9)	2.80(6)
150	2.92(9)	2.77(6)
160	3.05(9)	2.72(6)
170	3.29(9)	2.77(6)
180	3.26(9)	2.67(6)
190	3.09(9)	2.41(6)
200	3.11(9)	2.45(6)
210	3.18(10)	2.63(7)
220	3.19(10)	2.53(8)
230	2.98(10)	2.43(8)
240	2.89(10)	2.35(8)
250	3.14(10)	2.45(8)
260	3.00(10)	2.49(8)
270	3.05(10)	2.46(8)
280	3.00(10)	2.38(8)
290	2.81(11)	2.28(8)
300	2.90(10)	2.25(8)
310	2.65(11)	2.11(8)
320	2.58(11)	2.04(8)
330	2.69(11)	2.14(8)
340	2.73(10)	2.14(8)
350	2.78(10)	2.28(8)
375	2.57(11)	2.03(9)
400	2.48(11)	2.07(8)
450	2.36(12)	1.90(9)
500	1.33(20)	1.24(12)
525	0	0
550	0	0

Table S5. Summary of full Rietveld statistics of NPD of $y = 0.4$, including R_{wp} , R_{mag} , and χ^2 .

Temperature (K)	R_{wp} (%)	R_{mag} (%)	goodness of fit χ^2
5	14.1	3.18	2.36
10	14.0	4.58	2.31
20	14.7	3.83	2.44
30	14.3	3.79	2.26
40	14.4	3.29	2.31
50	14.0	2.88	2.31
60	14.5	4.59	2.51
70	13.9	3.25	2.30
80	14.0	3.33	2.33
90	14.0	2.94	2.29
100	14.3	4.33	2.40
110	13.9	4.13	2.25
120	13.7	4.10	2.21
130	14.2	3.43	2.33
140	13.9	4.64	2.25
150	14.0	4.13	2.27
160	14.5	4.95	2.41
170	14.2	5.53	2.31
180	14.7	6.31	2.40
190	14.5	5.56	2.36
200	14.2	5.92	2.29
210	14.5	6.04	2.36
220	14.5	5.84	2.34
230	14.5	5.14	2.27
240	14.7	6.95	2.33
250	14.7	5.88	2.32
260	14.7	5.48	2.34
270	14.2	5.12	2.16
280	14.5	5.34	2.23
290	14.8	5.68	2.30
300	14.4	4.49	2.14
310	15.1	5.70	2.30
320	14.9	6.47	2.27
330	15.0	5.78	2.32
340	14.7	5.52	2.19
350	14.7	4.62	2.19
375	15.2	5.87	2.31
450	16.0	4.70	2.52
500	18.4	3.46	3.11
525	16.8	3.78	2.65
550	18.4	3.46	3.11

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